UTC UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

MJE13005-H

NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

DESCRIPTION

These devices are designed for high-voltage, high-speed power switching inductive circuits where fall time is critical. They are particularly suited for 115 and 220 V SWITCHMODE.

FEATURES

- * V_{CEO(SUS)}= 400 V
- * Reverse bias SOA with inductive loads @ T_C = 100°C
- * Inductive switching matrix 2 to 4 Amp, 25 and 100°C
- t_C @ 3A, 100°C is 180 ns (Typ)
- * 700V blocking capability
- * SOA and switching applications information

APPLICATIONS

- * Switching regulator's, inverters
- * Motor controls
- * Solenoid/Relay drivers
- * Deflection circuits

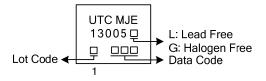
ORDERING INFORMATION

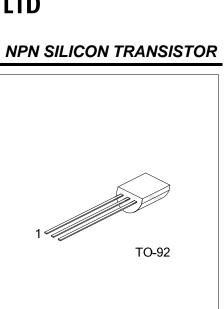
Ordering Number		Deekege	Pin Assignment			Deaking
Lead Free	Halogen-Free	Package	1	2	3	Packing
MJE13005L-H-x-T92-B	MJE13005G-H-x-T92-B	TO-92	В	С	E	Tape Box
MJE13005-L-H-x-T92-K	MJE13005G-H-x-T92-K	TO-92	В	С	E	Bulk
Note: Din assignment: E: Emitt	er B: Base C: Collector					

Note: Pin assignment: E: Emitter B: Base C: Collector

MJE13005 <u>L</u> -H- <u>х-Т92-К</u> Т Т Т Т	(1)Packing Type	(1) B: Tape Box, K: Bulk
	(2)Package ⊺ype	(2) T92: TO-92
	(3)Rank	(3) x: refer to Classification of h_{FE1}
	(4)Green Package	(4) L: Lead Free, G: Halogen Free and Lead Free

MARKING





■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Collector-Emitter Voltage		V _{CEO(SUS)}	400	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage (V _{BE} =0)		V _{CES}	900	V
Collector-Base Voltage		V _{CBO}	900	V
Emitter Base Voltage		V _{EBO}	9	V
Collector Current	Continuous	Ι _C	4	А
	Peak (1)	I _{CM}	8	А
Base Current	Continuous	Ι _Β	2	А
	Peak (1)	I _{BM}	4	А
Emitter Current	Continuous	Ι _Ε	6	А
	Peak (1)	I _{EM}	12	Α
Power Dissipation at T _A =25°C		P _D	0.8	W
Derate above 25°C			6.4	mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature		T _J , T _{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

THERMAL DATA

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Junction to Ambient	θ _{JA}	150	°C/W
Junction to Case	θις	45	°C/W



NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

1.7

0.4

4

0.9

μs

μs

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Tc=25°C, unless otherwise specified) MAX UNIT SYMBOL MIN TYP PARAMETER **TEST CONDITIONS OFF CHARACTERISTICS** (Note 1) I_C=10mA , I_B=0 400 V Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage V_{CEO(SUS)} V_{CBO}=Rated Value, 1 V_{BE(OFF)}=1.5V Collector Cutoff Current I_{CBO} mΑ V_{CBO}=Rated Value, 5 V_{BE(OFF)}=1.5V, T_C=100°C Emitter Cutoff Current V_{EB}=9V, I_C=0 I_{EBO} 1 mΑ SECOND BREAKDOWN Second Breakdown Collector Current $I_{S/B}$ See Fig. 11 with bass forward biased Clamped Inductive SOA with Base RBSOA See Fig. 12 Reverse Biased **ON CHARACTERISTICS** (Note 1) h_{FE1} I_C=0.5A, V_{CE}=5V 15 50 DC Current Gain I_C=1A, V_{CE}=5V 10 60 h_{FE2} I_C=2A, V_{CE}=5V 8 40 h_{FE3} I_C=1A, I_B=0.2A 0.5 V I_C=2A, I_B=0.5A 0.6 V Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage V_{CE(SAT)} V I_C=4A, I_B=1A 1 I_C=2A, I_B=0.5A, Ta=100°C 1 V V I_C=1A, I_B=0.2A 1.2 **Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage** VBE (SAT) I_C=2A, I_B=0.5A 1.6 V 1.5 I_C=2A, I_B=0.5A, T_C=100°C V DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product f⊤ I_C=500mA, V_{CE}=10V, f=1MHz MHz 4 **Output Capacitance** COB V_{CB}=10V, I_E=0, f=0.1MHz 65 pF SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS Resistive Load (Table 1) 0.025 Delay Time t_D 0.1 μs **Rise** Time V_{CC}=125V, I_C=2A, I_{B1}=I_{B2}=0.4A, 0.3 0.7 t_R μs

Note: 1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width=5ms, Duty Cycle≤10%

2. Pulse Test: P_W=300µs, Duty Cycle≤2%

CLASSIFICATION OF h_{FF1}

RANK	А	В	С	D	E
RANGE	15 ~ 20	20 ~ 25	25 ~ 30	30 ~ 40	40 ~ 50

ts

t⊧

t_P=25µs, Duty Cycle≤1%



Storage Time

Fall Time

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

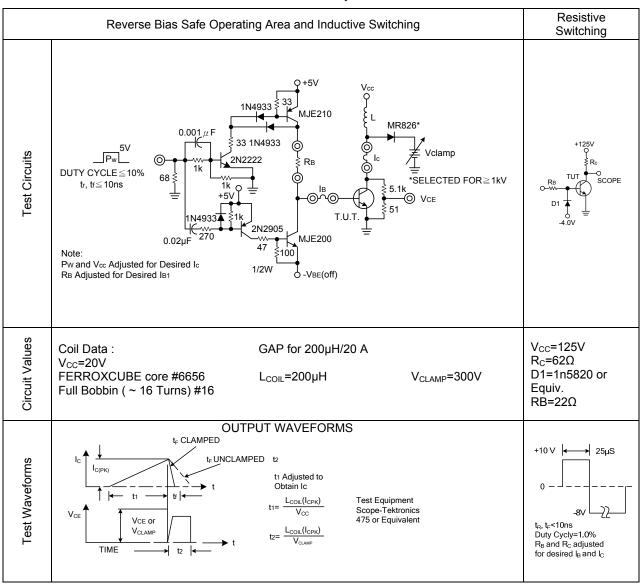


Table 1.Test Conditions for Dynamic Performance



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RESISTIVE SWITCHING PERFORMANCE

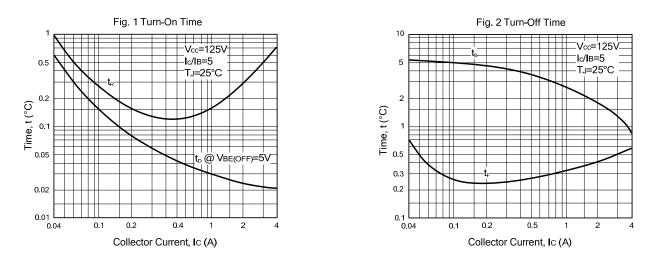
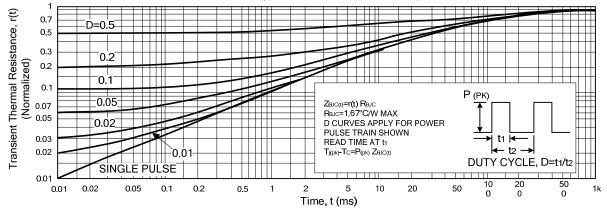
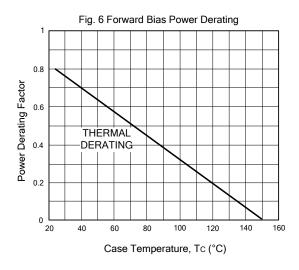


Fig. 3 Typical Thermal Response [ZeJC(t)]







SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate $I_{C}-V_{CE}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Fig. 4 is based on $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$; $T_{J(PK)}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when $T_C \ge 25^{\circ}C$. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Fig. 4 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Fig. 6.

 $T_{J(PK)}$ may be calculated from the data in Fig. 10. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

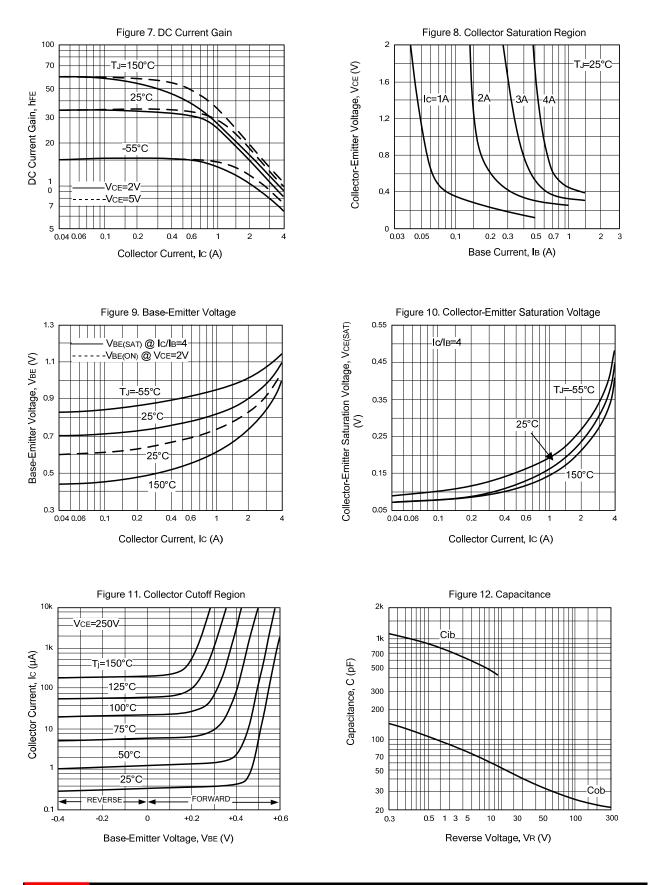
REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current conditions during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 5 gives the complete RBSOA characteristics.



NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





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