UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

P1686

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

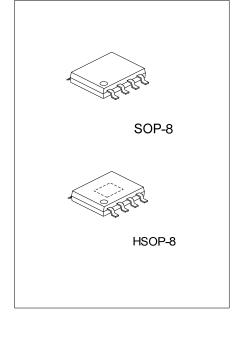
600KHZ, 3A STEP-DOWN **CURRENT MDOE SWITCHING** REGULATOR

DESCRIPTION

As a current mode switching regulator with an integrated switch, the UTC P1686 is operating at 600kHz with separate sync and enable functions. In order to avoid frequency beating in noise sensitive applications the sync function allows customers to synchronize to a faster clock. Cost effective low power solutions is considered in the integrated switch ,and so peak switch current 3 amps. Very small passive components is considered in High frequency of operation. Current mode operation: fast dynamic response and instantaneous duty cycle adjustment as the input changes, as a ideal for CPE applications where the input is a wall plug power.

The low shutdown current as ideal for portable applications when battery life is important.

The UTC P1686 is synchronizable to a frequency from 750kHz to 1.2MHz.

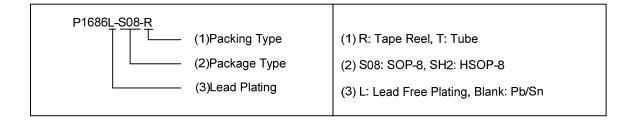


FEATURES

- * Integrated 3 Amp switch
- * 600kHz frequency of operation
- * Current mode controller
- * Synchronizable to higher frequency up to 1.2MHz
- * 6µA low shutdown current

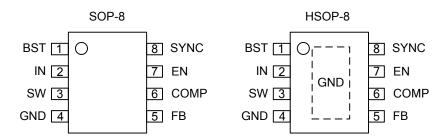
ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Number		Dookogo	Dooking		
Normal	Lead	Free Plating	Package	Packing	
P1686-S08	8-R P16	86L-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel	
P1686-S08	B-T P16	86L-S08-T	SOP-8	Tube	
P1686-SH2	2-R P16	86L-SH2-R	HSOP-8	Tape Reel	
P1686-SH2	2-T P16	86L-SH2-T	HSOP-8	Tube	



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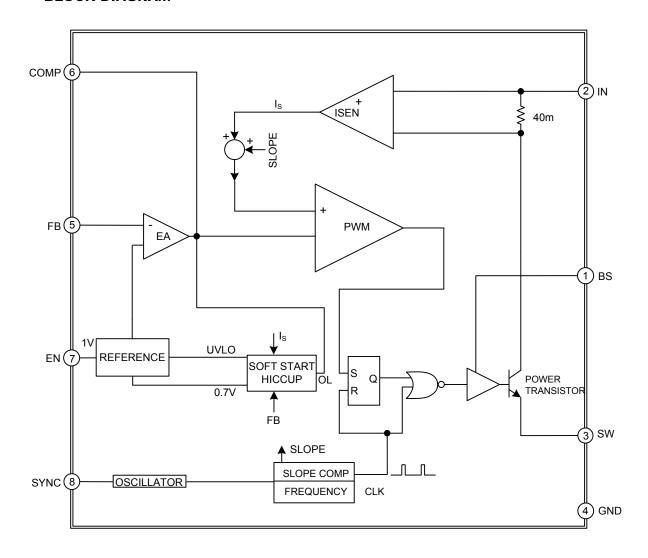
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	PIN FUNCTION
1	BST	Providing power to the internal NPN switch. To turn on for this switch the lowest voltage is 2.7V.
2	IN	This PIN delivers all control and power circuitry's power, and sees high di/dt during switching. A decoupling capacitor is better to be attached to this pin very closely.
3	SW	This PIN is the emitter of the internal switch and should be connected with the external freewheeling diode very closely.
4	GND	Almost all voltages are measured with respect to this pin. The decoupling capacitor and the freewheeling diode is better to be connected to this PIN as short as possible.
5	FB	Input of feedback for adjustable output controllers.
6	COMP	Output of the internal error amplifier and also input of the peak current comparator. To achieve the specified performance a compensation network is connected to this pin.
7	EN	Chip enable input. EN is high: the regulator switched on; EN is low: off. EN is low: the regulator is in standby mode, and the input supply current is reduced to a few microamperes.
8	SYNC	Synchronous control pin used to synchronize the internal oscillator to an external pulse control signal. But it should be connected to GND when not used.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Supply Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3 ~ +28	V
Boost Pin Above V _{SW}	(V _{BST} -V _{SW})	16	V
Boost Pin Voltage	V_{BST}	-0.3 ~ +32	V
EN Pin Voltage	V_{EN}	-0.3 ~ +16	V
FB Pin Voltage	V_{FB}	-0.3 ~ +6	V
FB Pin Current	I _{FB}	1	mA
SYNC Pin Current	I _{SYNC}	1	mA
Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ THERMAL DATA

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}	36.5	°C/W

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, V_{COMP} = 0.8V, V_{BS} = V_{IN} + 5V, EN = tied to V_{IN}, SYNC = 0, SW = open. T_A = T_J = -40^{\circ}C \sim 85^{\circ}C.)$

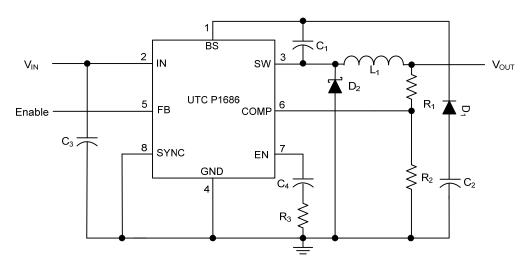
, LIN - licu	100 Mp, $01140 - 0$, $044 - 0$	1J — - -	00	JJ U.)	
SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_{IN}				16	V
I _{SW}			3.0		Α
fosc		550	600	750	kHz
	I _{SW} = 3A		330		mV
V_{UVLO}	T _A = 25°C		2.60	3	V
Iq	$V_{FB} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 17\%$		1.0	5	mA
I _{Q(OFF)}	$V_{EN} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = V_{BOOST} = 16V$, $V_{SW} = 0V$		5	45	μA
I _{FB}			-0.25	-0.50	μΑ
		1.176	1.2	1.224	V
	3V < V _{IN} < 16V (Note 2)		+3		mV/V
	$0.4V \le V_{COMP} \le 0.9V$	150	350		
	$\Delta I_{COMP} = \pm 10 \mu A$	500	850	1300	μMho
	$V_{FB} = V_{OUT(NOM)} - 17\%$		70	110	μΑ
	$V_{FB} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 17\%$		70	110	μΑ
			2.5		A/V
			2.5		AVV
	Duty cycle = 0%		0.35		V
	I _{SW} = 3A		0.9		V
	V _{COMP} = 1.2V, I _{SW} = 400mA	85			%
V _{BOOST}	$I_{SW} = 3A, 0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$ $I_{SW} = 2.5A, T_A < 0^{\circ}C$		1.8	2.7	٧
I _{BOOST}	I _{SW} = 1A		10	15	mA
	$I_{SW} = 3A$, $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$ $I_{SW} = 2.5A$, $T_A < 0^{\circ}C$		30	45	
V _{IH}		3			V
V _{IL}				0.4	V
I _{IL}	EN = 60mV above threshold		2.5		μA
I _{IH}	EN = 100mV below threshold		5	15	μA
			1.5		V
		750		1200	kHz
	$V_{SYNC} = 0.5V$		20		kΩ
	SYMBOL VIN ISW FOSC VD(SW) VUVLO IQ IQ(OFF) IFB VBOOST IBOOST VIH VIL IIL	$\begin{array}{c c} \text{SYMBOL} & \text{TEST CONDITIONS} \\ \hline V_{IN} \\ \hline I_{SW} \\ \hline f_{OSC} \\ \hline V_{D(SW)} & I_{SW} = 3A \\ \hline V_{UVLO} & T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline I_Q & V_{FB} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 17\% \\ \hline I_{Q(OFF)} & V_{EN} = 0V, \ V_{IN} = V_{BOOST} = 16V, \\ \hline V_{SW} = 0V \\ \hline I_{FB} \\ \hline & 3V < V_{IN} < 16V \ (\text{Note 2}) \\ \hline 0.4V \leq V_{COMP} \leq 0.9V \\ \hline \Delta I_{COMP} = \pm 10\mu\text{A} \\ \hline V_{FB} = V_{OUT(NOM)} - 17\% \\ \hline V_{FB} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 17\% \\ \hline & Duty \ cycle = 0\% \\ \hline I_{SW} = 3A \\ \hline V_{COMP} = 1.2V, \ I_{SW} = 400\text{mA} \\ \hline V_{BOOST} & I_{SW} = 3A, \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline I_{SW} = 1A \\ \hline I_{BOOST} & I_{SW} = 3A, \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline I_{SW} = 3A, \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline I_{SW} = 2.5A, \ T_A < 0^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline V_{IH} \\ \hline V_{IL} & I_{IL} & EN = 60\text{mV} \ above \ threshold \\ \hline I_{IH} & EN = 100\text{mV} \ below \ threshold \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Note: 1. The device may not function properly outside its operating input voltage range.

- 3. Guaranteed by design.
- 4. For SYNC applications, please contact factory.

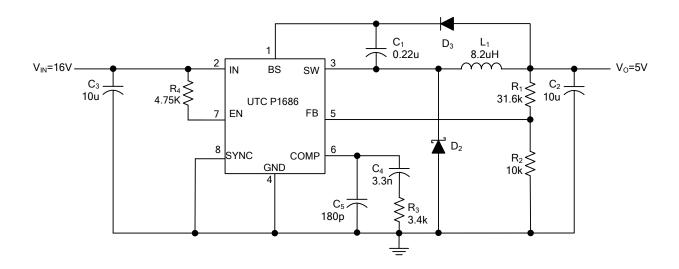
^{2.} The required minimum input voltage for a regulated output depends on the output voltage and load condition.

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



■ APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Design Example: 16V to 5V at 2A



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